

# Cattle Shed Lighting

North Karnataka

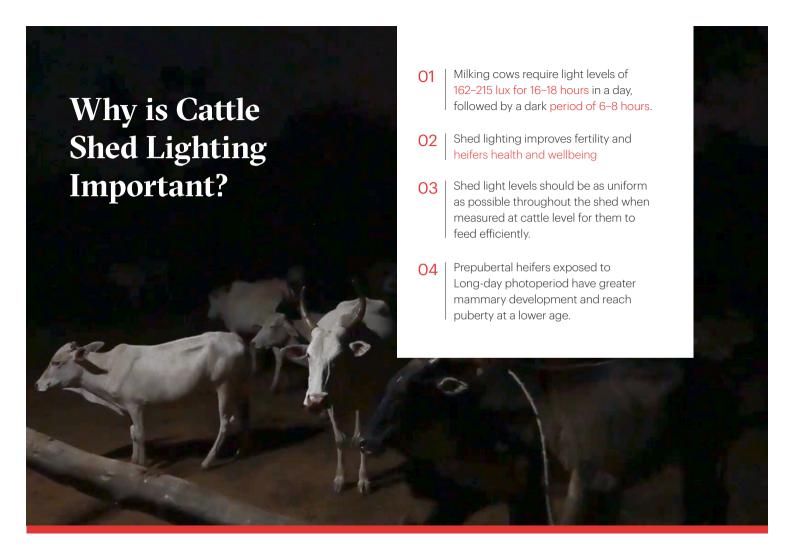
### Pathway to Alleviate Energy Poverty

Strengthening the Ecosystem for enabling Sustainable Dairy Entrepreneurship through DRE driven solutions.













2021

19 Varavanagalavi Village Gowli Community



2022

255 Koppal Marginalised& Gowli Community



2024

300 Koppal Marginalised Community



## Varavanagalavi Village Gowli Community



#### **Community Details:**

- Reside in Karnataka, Goa, and Maharashtra
- Gowlis of Varavangalavi in Dharwad district live in Western Ghat foothill (population: 200)
- Descendants of Yadavas
- Migrated 40 years ago from Hunasikumari village, Dharwad.
- Lives in forest dwelling



#### **Cultural Insights:**

- Worship cows as "Amma".
- Strong religious ties to Lord Krishna.
- Prioritize nourishing livestock; calves fed first.



#### **Occupation:**

- Animal herding and dairy
- Major buyer: Big Mishra & Local Market (Producers of Dharwad pedha).
- 21 households rear 2,400 cattle, goats, and hens



#### **Challenges to the community:**

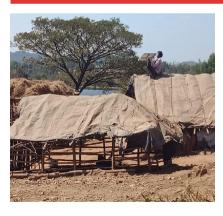
- Despite livestock richness, remains financially constrained.
- Remains distant from mainstream society.
- Lacks Basic Amenities: No roads, electricity, sanitation, education, or healthcare
- Housing: Resides in non-durable haystack houses
- Charging Woes: 3 km daily treks to charge phones at INR 10/hr
- Nighttime: Relies on phone flashlights or kerosene lamps



#### Challenges to community children

- Education Access: None.
- Nutritional Challenges: Prevalent malnourishment

# Varavanagalavi Village Gowli Community









# Statement

poor access to basic facilities, electricity, health & education.

safety & productivity directly impacting their livelihoods

# Timeline of Implementation of Cowshed lighting in Varavanagalavi Village



#### Need Assessment

Milkman from Mugad village Dharwad District helped SF team locate the community





### **Capacity Building**

Community interaction and problem identification and introduction to DRE solution.



#### Baseline Assessment

Identified need of basic amenities such as electricity, sanitation and education in the community.



#### **Financial Institute**

Only 4 family in the community had bank accounts. The SF team had a meeting with KVGB Mugad Branch. The Manager visited the vulnerable community and decided to sanction loan. SF team further organized a community meeting with Bank Manager. The Manger conducted a due diligence.





### Loan Sanction

After eligibility check loans were sanctioned. Loan Details: Loan amount - 6500/-. Loan Sanctioned - 19 families. ROI - 12%. Scheme -Sourava Kirana Scheme. Term - 1 year

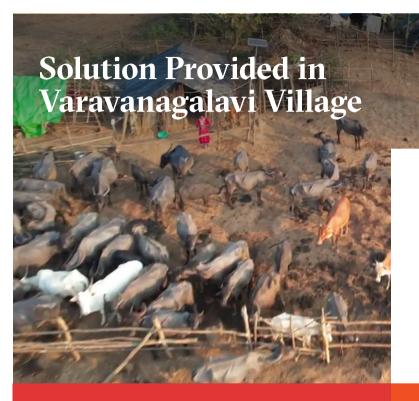




#### Installation

Installations were completed after a week of loan sanction.





#### **Initial Lead:**

- North Karnataka's Animal Husbandry team learned about the community through a local milkman.
- Team did their research & decided to visit community, which helped them to come to the decision to intervene and help the community access energy.

### **Banking Challenges:**

- Only 4-5 community members had a bank account.
- Loan approval was tough due to lack of CIBIL scores and identification documents.

### **Intervention Costing:**

Total project cost: INR 9,500 KVGB loan: INR 68.42% SELCO Foundation: INR 31.58%

### **Energy Solutions:**

Installed: 5W bulb outside & 10W bulb inside community huts.

Added a solar mobile charging point.

## Overall Impact in Varavanagalavi Village



Livestock/cattles are now safe from wild animal attacks and harmful insect bites.



The nighttime activities related to cattle, like milking and calving, have become easier and less stressful.



Children and Women well being improved



Mortality rate and sickness of cows reduced.



Hamlet can be easily spotted by the villagers due to lighting at night time.

### **Koppal Gowli Community**

### **Communities & Livelihood in Koppal**



Cattle Rearing: Marginalized communities & Gowlis historically depended on cattle for livelihood.

- Shift in Livelihood: Now, fewer Gowlis rear cattle, previously selling products like yoghurt, paneer, clarified butter. The youth interest is shifting towards government jobs, business construction.
- Ancestral Traditions: Communities uphold customs & work to maintain gene pool purity.



#### **Locations:**

- Hirebidnal village, Yelburga block
- Katagihalli village
- Koppal Bandi
- Kuknoor block

# Hindu Seva Pratishthana (HSP) & SELCO Foundation Partnership



#### **HSP Mission & Vision:**

- "Service to society is obligatory"
- "Service brings life contentment."
- A self-reliant society addressing local social issues



#### **HSP** in Koppal:

Adopted 30 villages; run programs like mathru mandali, palakara sabhe, grama vikas training, and seva kirana.



#### **HSP's Programs:**

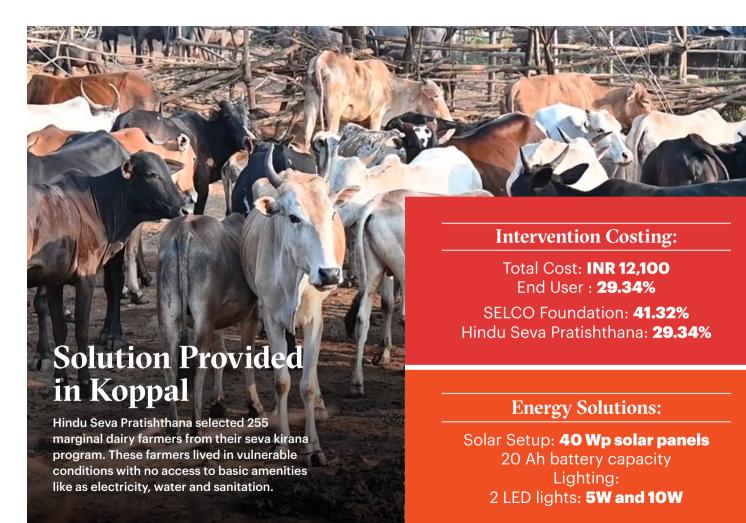
- Education: Provides culture-based education
- Skill Training: Offers tailoring, IT, saloon, and kasuti training for unemployed youth.



#### **Cow Shed Lighting Program:**

HSP & Selco Foundation identified 255 financially vulnerable dairy farmers (parents of seva kirana pupils) & assisted in lead generation and margin money.





### **Overall Impact in Koppal**

Livestock/ cattles are now safe from wild animal attacks and harmful insect bites.



The nighttime activities related to cattle, like milking and calving, have become easier and less stressful.



There's an increase in the productivity or milk production from cattles (upto 5-10%).



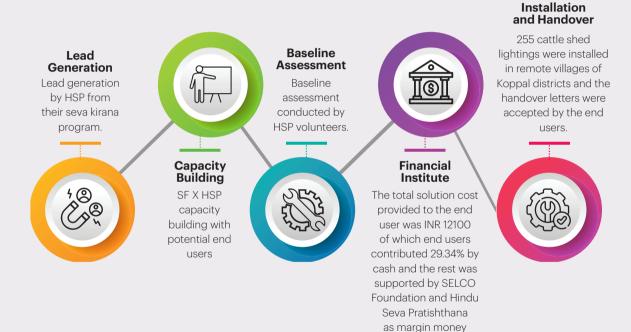
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# Impact in Varavanagalavi Village & Koppal

Varavanagalavi	Koppal
Before the intervention, the community faced the loss of 4-5 cattle due to insect and snake bites; now, these <b>cattle are</b>	Cattle milking become simpler due to cow shed lighting. Cattles are now more relaxed feeding at night.
Community's <b>net profit surged</b> due to increased milk production.	Enhanced cow activity, fertility, and growth have been observed, potentially leading to increased productivity.
Children attend a local government school and can do their evening assignments because of electricity.	<b>Night-time calving</b> , previously a major stress source for farmers, especially during complications, has now been eased.
Improved daily routines for women; they return home alongside their husbands post-cow care.	
Enhanced community hygiene.	
	Before the intervention, the community faced the loss of 4-5 cattle due to insect and snake bites; now, these cattle are protected and saved.  Community's net profit surged due to increased milk production.  Children attend a local government school and can do their evening assignments because of electricity.  Improved daily routines for women; they return home alongside their husbands post-cow care.

### **Timeline of Koppal Programme**



support.

## Way Forward -Koppal

- Based on the impact evaluation, NGO Partner decided to adopt the solution in several other villages of Koppal district by March 2024.
- Future scaling will be determined on need assessment and impact analysis.
- Marginal and smallholder dairy farmers will be screened via partner NGOs.



**Ecosystem in Koppal** 

### Way Forward

### Developing models for Sustainable and Green Cattle Sheds in North Karnataka

Templates and guidelines for thermally comfortable and energy efficient cattle sheds for improved quantity and quality of milk, cattle health and value addition of services

# Access to Financing and Unlocking government schemes

Alignment with policies, schemes and financial institutions to disseminate with entrepreneurs and farmers.

### Developing efficient dairy technologies for marginalised communities

Research and development in technologies for cooling, yield increase, farmer drudgery reduction as well as cattle wellbeing.





### Basappa Policepatil, Chikkoppa

Mr. Policepatil owns a small scale dairy farm with 5 cattles in his farmland which has no access to grid electricity. His 23 year old son died of a snake attack while he was providing feed to the cattle post sunset, he could not spot the snake in pitch dark cattle shed. Mr. Policepatil stated that his son would have been alive if the Solar powered cow shed lighting was provided to them two years before the allocation."

- Insect and snake attack is reduced.
- Milk production has increased by 10%
- Hygiene in the shed has increased

### Yellavva, Belotgi Thanda

Yallavva from Belotgi Thanda is a dairy farmer and the sole breadwinner of the family. She rears three cattles in her remote farmer land which has no access to electricity and basic amenities. Night-time calving caused a significant source of stress to the farmer as the cow encountered difficulties and eventually lead to perinatal mortality.

- Livestock is safe from insect attack and snake bites
- Night feeding and calving is easy.
- Milk production has increased by 5-10%.





## Venkatesh, Belotgi Thanda

Venkatesh is a dairy farmer from Belotgi Thanda, Koppal had a thatched roof cow shed where he reared 4 cattles, the shed had no access to electricity and basic amenities. Ticks attacked the cattles in dark after dusk. As cattles fell ill due to ticks attack, the farmer sold 3 cattles which caused loss of income.

- The farmer bought 4 new cattle and built a new shed after adopting DRE solution.
- Milk production has increased by 5%
- Maintaining shed hygiene is simple
- Insect and snake protection.



### Basappa Manaji, Chikbidnal

Basappa Manaji is a livestock farmer from Chikbidnal, Koppal. He rears goats, hens and cattles. Due to remoteness of his farm, the farmland has no access to electricity and basic amenities. As his farm is closer to forest, the livestocks frequently encountered animal attack and the labours were often afraid to watch over the herd at night alone. Due to which the farmer had to hire two labours instead of one.

The cattles suffered insect attack after dusk leading to frequent illness, decreased productivity and mortality.

- Post implementation, the farmer is confident in expanding his business.
- Milk production has increased by 10%
- Maintaining shed hygiene is simple
- Insect and snake protection.
- Labour has decreased.

## Venkatesh, Belotgi Thanda

Girish Desai is a dairy farmer from Hirevankalakunta, Koppal. He owns 4 cattles in his farmland. Due to land ownership issue the farmer is unable to gain permit for land electrification. The cattles suffered insect attack at night, night feeding was difficult, the productivity of cattle had decreased which has a negative impact on farmer' income.



- The farmer expanded his cattle shed and bought 2 new cattles after DRE implementation.
- Milk production has increased by 8%
- Night feeding and calving is hassle free.
- Cattles are safe from insect bite and snake attack.



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